

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES	1
Endangered Species Act (ESA)	
National Environmental Policy Act	
Use of Lead Ammunition and Tackle	
Coal leasing	2
Public Lands Primacy	
Administrative Rulemaking	
Recognize Sovereign Lands	
Sovereign Lands Under Lake Powell	
Forest Management and Wildfire Suppression	
Existing Special Authorities Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF)	
Recreation and Public Purposes Act	
Lake Powell Pipeline	
Colorado Rive	
Federal Reserved Water Rights	
Clean Water Act	
AGRICULTURE	3
Endangered Species Act	
Waters of the United States Rule	
Wild Horses and Burros	4
BLM enforcement/county sheriffs	
Public lands/equal footing doctrine	
Diligence claims	
The Food Safety Modernization Act	5
Federal Assertions of Control Over Delegated Programs	
H-2A Visa Program	6
Public lands management	7
Single-Species Management	
BLM 2.0	8
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	9
1.All air-quality monitoring in the state should be under the Department of Environmental Quality's Division of Air Quality (DAQ).	
2. EPA should be required to go through the formal rulemaking process for all standards and guidelines.	
3. The ability to regulate motor vehicle fuel should be given to the states, allowing them to have different applicability requirements as long as the states requirements are not stricter than corresponding federal standards.	
4. EPA should establish a low threshold for the states to flag and/or exclude monitoring data from natural events, and then have an automatic concurrence for high-wind events, wildfires, and volcanic activities if the state has a mitigation plan that can be activated during these events.	11
5. The Department of Environmental Quality has successfully managed the majority of EPA Region 8 Superfund Site Assessment investigations	

within Utah and could potentially manage all site-assessment activities in the future.	
6. Eliminating some current federal requirements would allow the Department more flexibility to do more good in Utah.	
7. The money EPA uses for modeling and inventory work for western-state ozone issues should be given to the Western Resource Air Partnership (WRAP) to provide western states with more local control.	13
	14
PUBLIC LANDS	
SUMMARY OF PRIORITIES Preserve State Sovereign Interests on Public Lands	
Encourage Sound Land Management Policies	15
Limit Large Scale Land Reservations and Withdrawals	
Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA), Rulemaking by Judicial Proceedings	
PUBLIC LANDS ISSUES AND SOLUTIONS	16
Cooperating Agency Status, Consultation Regarding Federal Management Decisions.	
Access to Public Land and Natural Resources.	18
Wildlife Management.	19
Wilderness, Wilderness Study Areas, and de facto Wilderness.	21
Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act of 1971, 16 U.S.C. § 1331 et seq. (“WHBA”).	
Mineral, Oil, and Gas Reservations, Deferrals, and Moratoriums.	24
Antiquities Act, 54 U.S.C. § 320301.	
EAJA Restructuring	25
Issue Bullet Points	27
<u>Western Land Policy Recommendations</u>	29
- Executive Order on National Monument Designations	
- Executive Order on the Management of Wilderness Areas (U.S. Forest Service) and Wilderness Study Areas (Bureau of Land Management)	30
• Executive Order and Agency Rules on Federal Lands Transfer	
• Re-empowerment of the States Amendment (HJR 100, Rep. Rob Bishop)	
• Antiquities Act Reform	
• Transfer of Public Lands Act	
• Environmental Litigation Reform	